VHA: Evidenced-based Treatments for Justice-involved Veterans

A Panel Presentation to the Texas Association of Specialty Courts

April 10, 2019

Loretta A. Coonan, LCSW- Moderator

Karin Thompson, Phd

Jill Wanner, PhD

Jill McGavin, PhD

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Latasha Morrison, LCSW

Stacy McCarty, LMFT



Introduction of the Michael E. DeBakey VA Clinical Panel

- Karin Thompson, PhD, ABPP: Director of the Post Traumatic Stress Clinical Team
- Jill Wanner, PhD: Staff Psychologist for the ROVER and WISER (Returning OEF/OIF Veterans Environment of Recovery and Women's Inpatient Specialized Environment of Recovery) at
- Jill McGavin, PhD: Director of the Substance Disorders Treatment Program
- Kathleen Szydlowski, PhD: EBP for General Mental Health Outpatient Psychotherapy Services (GMHC)
- Latasha Morrison, LCSW: Veterans Justice Outreach Specialist, Coordinator of Strength At Home Therapy
- Stacy McCarty, LMFT: Licensed Marital and Family Therapist, GMHC, Strength at Home Therapy
- Loretta A. Coonan, LCSW: Veterans Justice Outreach, Team Lead, Moral Reconation Therapy

Presentation Objectives

 Develop an understanding of the variety of mental health and substance use disorder treatments available through Michael E. DeBakey VA (MEDVAMC)

 Develop an understanding of the complexity of treatment needs for Veterans and how the VHA addresses those needs, particularly for Justice-Involved Veterans

Review the importance of utilizing evidence-based treatment strategies

PTSD Clinical Services Michael E. DeBakey VAMC

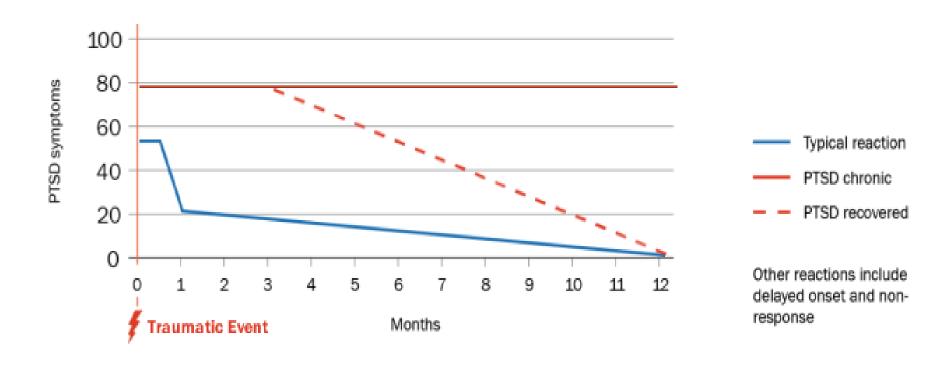
Karin Thompson, Ph.D., ABPP: PTSD Clinic Director



PTSD AWARENESS • JUNE 2018



What happens after trauma?

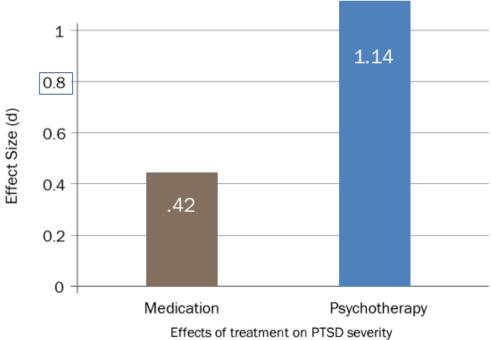


Violence and PTSD

- Substance misuse, age, and other disorders increase risk.
- The majority of Veterans and non-Veterans with PTSD have never engaged in violence.
- The prevalence of violence in PTSD is comparable to the prevalence in anxiety and depression (5-12%).
- Factors including substance misuse, additional psychiatric disorders, and younger age include the risk of violence.
 (Elbogen et al., 2012)

Trauma-focused psychotherapy is the best treatment.

Both medication and psychotherapy are effective, but psychotherapy is more effective.



Watts, B. V., Schnurr, P. P., Mayo, L., Young-Xu, Y., Weeks, W. B., & Friedman, M. J. (2013). Meta-analysis of the efficacy of treatments for posttraumatic stress disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 74(6), e551-e557. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.4088/JCP.12r08225

Evidenced-based Trauma Focused Psychotherapies

- **Prolonged Exposure (PE):** In PE, people confront situations they have been avoiding until distress decreases.
- Cognitive Processing Therapy (CPT): In CPT, people examine and challenge thoughts about the trauma until they can change the way they feel.
- Eye Movement Desensitization and Reprocessing (EMDR): EMDR helps individuals process and make sense of trauma while paying attention to a back-and-forth movement or sound (like a finger moving side to side, a light, or a tone).

Coping Skills and Integrated Psychotherapies

Substance Use Disorder and PTSD:

- Seeking Safety for PTSD and Substance Use
- Concurrent Treatment of Substance Use Disorders using Prolonged Exposure (COPE)
- Integrated Tobacco Treatment

Couples:

Cognitive Behavioral Conjoint Therapy for PTSD

Sleep:

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Insomnia and Nightmares

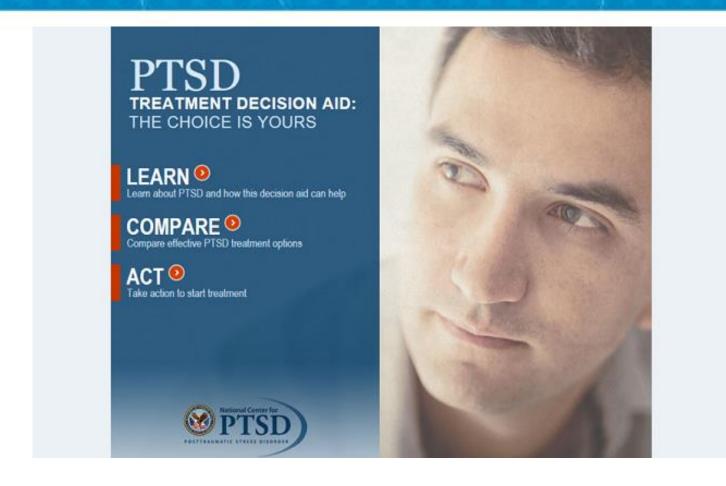
Interpersonal and other Coping Skills:

- Skills Training in Affective and Interpersonal Regulation
- Overcoming Behavioral Avoidance: In Vivo Group
- PTSD Recovery 101 Group
- Inner Resources Meditation Group for PTSD

Pain:

Integrated Treatment for Chronic Pain and PTSD

PTSD Treatment Decision Aid



ROVER (Returning OEF/OIF/OND Veterans Environment of Care) and WISER (Women's Inpatient Specialty Environment of Care)

Jill Wanner, PhD: Staff Psychologist for ROVER and WISER Programs



ROVER

- Returning OEF/OIF/OND Veterans Environment of Recovery (ROVER)
- Admission Criteria
 - Male Veteran who was combat deployed post 9/11
 - Combat related PTSD primary treatment goal
 - Willing and able to process trauma in group setting
- Exclusionary Criteria
 - Homeless
 - Primary Substance use
 - Psychotic symptoms

WISER

- Women's Inpatient Specialty Environment of Recovery (WISER)
- Admission Criteria
 - Female Veteran from any era
 - Trauma/PTSD primary treatment goal (any type)
 - Willing and able to process trauma in group setting
- Exclusionary Criteria
 - Homeless
 - Primary Substance use
 - Psychotic symptoms

Treatment

- CPRS referral by VA provider
- Cohort style of admissions (average 4.5 week stay)
- 24 hr. Nursing on inpatient unit
- Full Cognitive Processing Therapy (CPT) group protocol
- Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT) groups
- Anger Management, Seeking Safety, OT, RT
- Weekly interdisciplinary treatment team meetings

Substance Use Disorder Treatment at MEDVAMC

Jill McGavin, PhD: Director, Substance Disorders Treatment Program (SDTP)



STATS

- 8.1 % of US Citizens 12 or older needed substance use disorder treatment in the last year
 - 21.7 million
- 10.8 % received treatment
 - 95.4% of these people did not think they needed treatment....
 - SAMSHA, 2015

COSTS

The economic burden of addiction in the U S is twice that of any other disease affecting the brain, including Alzheimers.

Yet, many of the costs are immeasurable...

- Frustration
- Worry
- Fear
- Broken relationships
- Lost hope
- Shame

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Treatment Works!

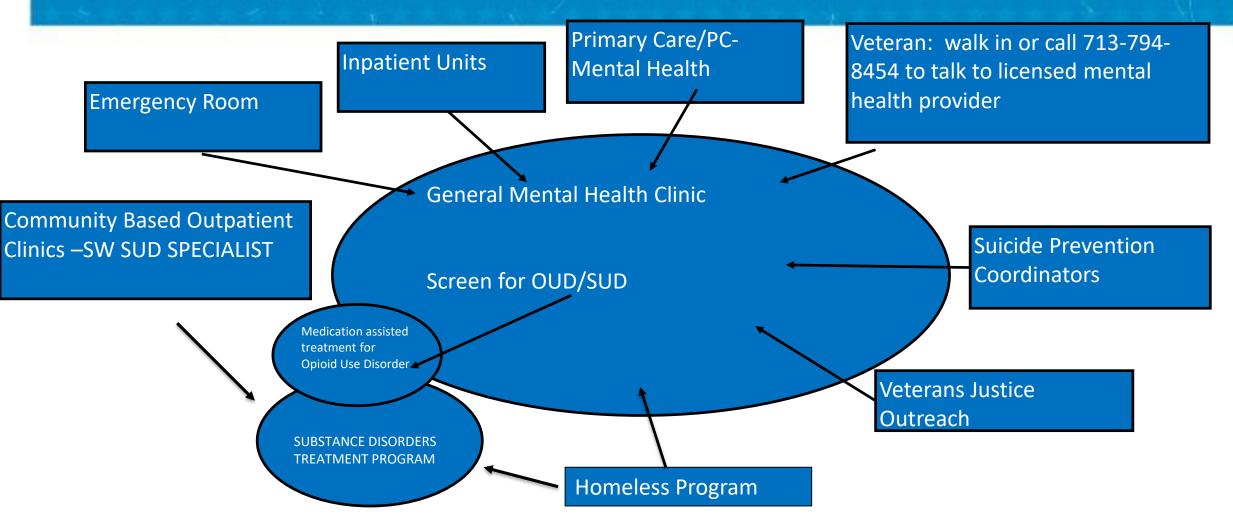
 Every \$1 spent on addiction treatment saves \$7 in crime and criminal justice costs. The savings jumps to 1:12 when health care costs are added. SAMSHA, 2009

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

...YOU'VE SEEN ONE VA.



Getting into treatment for SUD

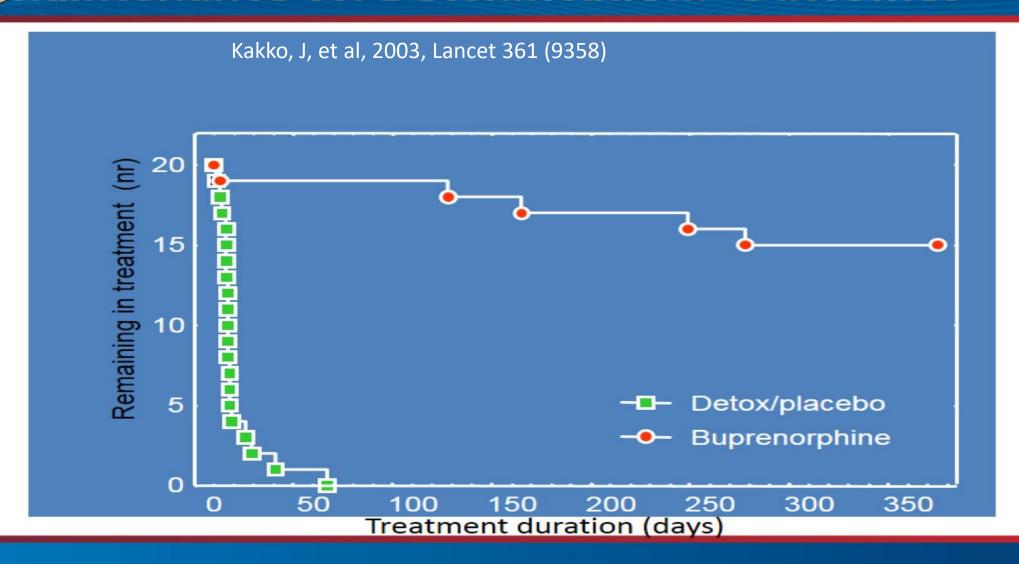


VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Substance Disorders Treatment Program

- Facility based: Outpatient
- Levels of care assessed using American Society of Addiction Medicine criteria
- Brief Addictions Monitor:
 - Use, Protective Factors, Risk Factors
- Individualized planning with counselor
 - Day, Weekend, and Evening Appointments
 - Matrix model group curriculum including Early Recovery, Relapse Prevention M/W or Tu/F
 - Optional groups Serenity, Recovery Dynamics, 3R's, DBT, ACT, Social Support
 - Contingency management, 12 step facilitation, cognitive behavioral therapy, and behavioral couples therapy
- General Mental Health Clinic for medication assistsed treatment
- Referrals to Community Care for inpatient treatment

Maintenance vs. Detoxification: Outcomes



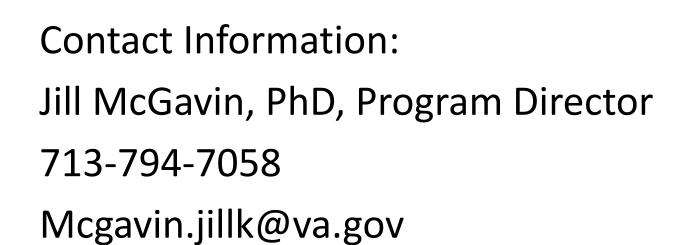
What do all these treatments have in common?

HELPS TURN OFF THE AUTOPILOT OF THE HIJACKED CIRCUITRY TO GIVE CHOICE A CHANCE...

HOW?

- Slows down time between trigger and response.
- Which gives the brain time to stop and think before reacting...consider pros/cons, personal values, long-term goals, etc.

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION



VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Psychotherapy Services at MEDVAMC

Chloe Hoang, PhD: Director of Psychotherapy Services for the General Mental Health Clinic (GMHC)/ Kathleen Szydlowski, PhD



Enhanced Accessibility to Psychotherapy Services

- Regular to Extended Weekday Hours (7:00am-4:30pm)
- Evening Hours (4:30pm-8:30pm)
- Saturday Hours (8:00am-2:00pm)
- Telehealth



Types of Psychotherapies

- Depression
 - Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Depression (CBT-D)
 - Acceptance and Commitment Therapy for Depression (ACT-D)
 - Interpersonal Psychotherapy for Depression (IPT)
 - Collaborative Assessment & Management of Suicidality (CAMS)
- Anxiety & Obsessive-Compulsive (OC) Spectrum Disorders
 - Cognitive Behavior Therapy, transdiagnostic and disorder-specific
 - Panic Control Treatment
 - Calmer Life: A Worry Reduction Program for Older Adults
 - Exposure and Response Prevention (ERP) for OC Spectrum

Types of Psychotherapies

- Bipolar and Psychotic Spectrum
 - Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Bipolar Disorder
 - Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Psychosis (CBT-P)
 - Social Skills Training (SST) for Serious Mental Illness
 - Acceptance and Commitment Therapy for Psychosis
- Sleep
 - Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Insomnia (CBT-I)

Types of Psychotherapies

- Interpersonal and Coping
 - Skills Training in Affective and Interpersonal Regulation (STAIR)
 - Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT) full program
 - Skills modules: Emotion Regulation, Distress Tolerance, Interpersonal Effectiveness
 - Anger Management
- Couples and Family
 - Emotion-focused Therapy
 - Integrative Behavioral Couples Therapy
 - Gottman approach
 - Sex and pornography addiction treatment
- LGBTQIA

Strength At Home – Treatment for Intimate Partner Violence

Latasha Morrison, LCSW (Veterans Justice Outreach) and Stacy McCarty, LMFT



Strength At Home

- Designed to reduce intimate partner violence and anger problems in male Veterans in light of their unique experiences.
 - Deployment and Warzone exposure
- 12 week Cognitive based intervention conducted in a small group format.
- Core theme: Military deployments and trauma have a profound effect on the way that individuals view the world, process information, and thus may underlie relationship functioning difficulties and IPV.

Strength At Home

Program Content

- Pros/Cons of aggression as a motivational strategy
- Trauma and Relationships
- Conflict Management: Understanding Anger
- Conflict Management: Time Outs
- Coping Strategies: Anger-related Thinking
- Coping Strategies: Dealing with Stress

Skills Exercises

- Communication Skills: Roots of Your Communication Style
- Communications Skills: Active Listening
- Communication Skills: Assertive Messages
- Communications Skills: Expressing Feelings
- Communication Skills: Common Communications Traps

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT)

Loretta A. Coonan, LCSW: Veterans Justice Outreach

Referenced /Quoted Materials taken from:

Little, G. and Robinson, K (2013). Winning the Invisible War-An MRT Workbook for Veterans. Eagle Wing Books, Inc. ISBN 10:9040829-50-9 ISBN 13: 978094829503

Blonigen, D. M, Cucciare, M.A., Timko, C, Smith, J. S., Hamish, A., Kemp, L, Rosenthal, J., and Smelson, D. (2018) *Study protocol: a hybrid effectiveness- implementation trial of Moral Reconation Therapy in the US Veterans Health Administration. BMC Health Services Research* BMC series – open, inclusive and trusted2018 **18**:164 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12913-018-2967-3



History of MRT

- Developed for use in the Criminal Justice System
- "systematic, cognitive-behavioral, step-by-step treatment strategy designed to enhance self-image; promote growth, of a positive, productive identity; and facilitate higher levels of moral reasoning."
- Term "moral reconation" stems from word conation "conscious process of decision making and purposeful behavior"
- Draws from Erikson and Loevinger's ego development, Maslow's hierarchy of needs,
 Kohlberg and Piaget's Moral development

MRT Process

- Copyrighted Intervention
- Facilitators must participate in approved training through certified MRT trainers
- (CCI)
- Use of workbook exercises and group format
- Structured exercises and homework in a step by step format, designed to modify antisocial cognitions and behaviors
- Format guides participants through "Freedom Ladder" 12-16 steps of moral development

MRT Outcomes

- Heavily Researched over 200 studies
 - Increases moral reasoning
 - Enhances life purpose
 - Facilitates increased social support
 - Increases perceived control over lives
 - Reduces program and justice system recidivism
- Recognized by SAMHSA as NREPP
- Special Workbook "Winning the Invisible War" development for use with Veterans
- Multi-site study to test effectiveness of MRT with Veterans to reduce criminal recidivism and improve health outcomes (not yet published)

Questions/Discussion

